

ESTEP Response to the Recovery Plan

ENERGY-EFFICIENT BUILDINGS : A Key Requirement

Milan Veljkovic ESTP/ECCS/LTU
ETCP Conf. Brussels, 2009.11.15
based on

T. J. Hurd presentation from July 2nd 2009

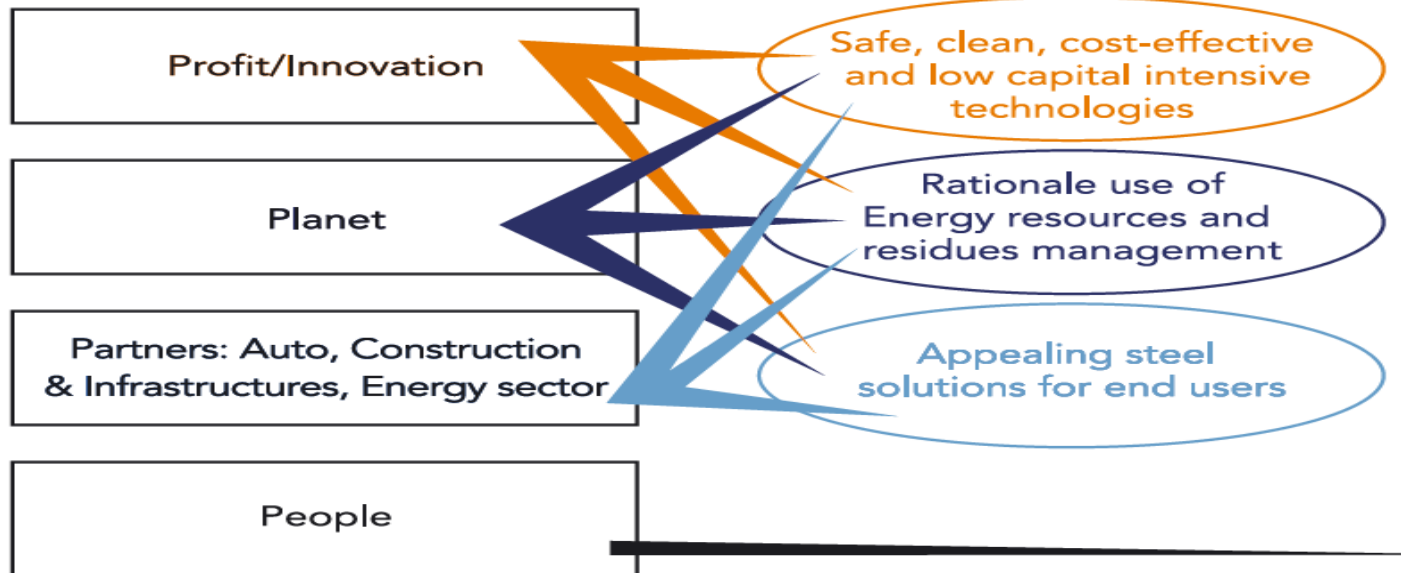
Overview

- ESTEP.
- Role of steel in EEB, applications, projects.
- Short term roadmap.
- What we (WG3) are looking for?

ESTEP SRA

The 4 Pillars of the sustainable development

Industrial programmes with large societal impacts



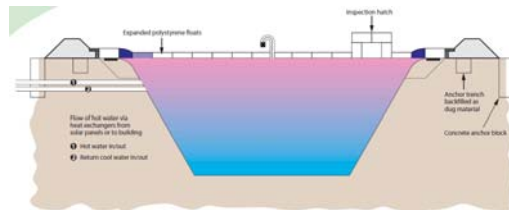
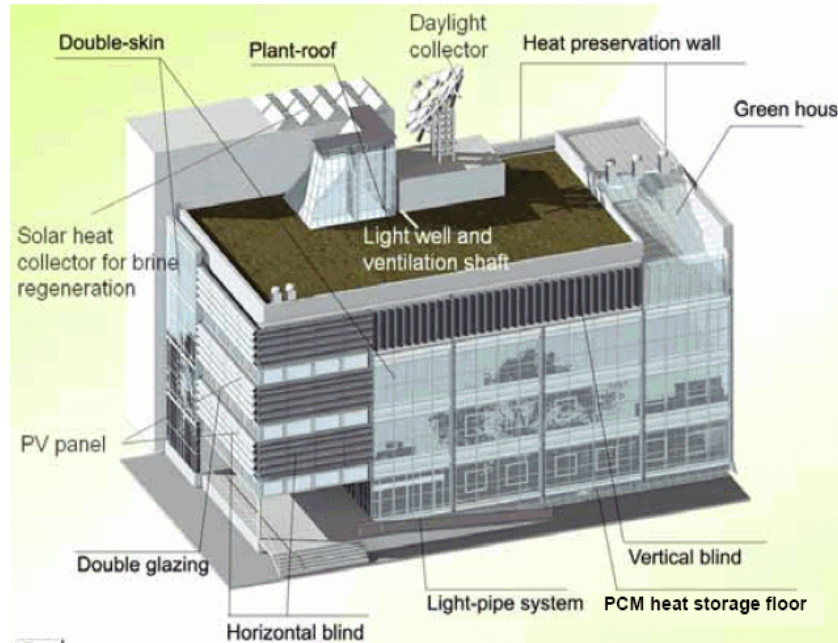
Steel Industry **Turnover 92.5Bln€**. Employment 377K
Total Sectors **2762Bln€**. Employment 22Mio

Why can Steel play a critical role in Energy Efficient Construction ?

Steel is one of the most important construction materials with half of the steel produced used for construction, and has considerable potential for integrated energy efficient buildings:

- **Ease of offsite manufacture, assembly, and modular construction**
- **Multi functional – structure, floors, roof, envelope**
- **Adaptable and flexible for integration of green technologies (lighting, renewable energy, phase change materials etc.)**
- **Ease of design for manufacture and deconstruction**
- **Adaptability and flexibility allowing dynamic use of buildings throughout lifecycle**

Energy-efficiency of steel construction – holistic building approach



Large Variety of Potential Projects Identified

Product and System development:

- **Development of integrated systems that reduce energy consumption in buildings particularly for space heating, cooling and energy storage**
e.g. light-weight envelopes, optimised thermal inertia, solar gains and thermal insulation, passive or reactive floors, PCM integration, subsoil heat exchange, etc
- **Integration with microgenerating technology** e.g. Integrated solar and PV technology, OLED-organic light emitting diodes
- **Solutions that lend themselves to modern methods of construction (MMC), adaptability, deconstruction and reuse**
- **Customised multifunctional facades for new build and renovation**
- **Building concepts for integrated management of energy transformation, storage and use; continuous monitoring integrated to the control**, e.g. embedded sensors

Roadmap Timelines

Short Term and Medium Term (2010-2016)

Concentrates on:

- Energy-saving technologies in service systems
 - Renovation methodologies
 - Advanced façade systems
 - Adapted green technologies with passive and active systems
-
- To achieve > 20% saving
 - And by 2016 steel solutions are available for zero carbon new buildings as legislation demands and suited to MMC

What are we looking for ?

Cooperation within construction sector

for developing the solutions for

ENERGY-EFFICIENT BUILDINGS, which is a Key Requirement for Sustainable Construction, and a **must do** to meet legislation demands and government targets